

Cryosphere Geophysics and Remote Sensing

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About myself

- Bachelor degree in geophysics from Wuhan University (2001-05)
 - PhD degree, also in geophysics, from University of Colorado at Boulder (2005-11)
 - Thompson Postdoc Fellow, Stanford University (2011-13)
 - Joined The Chinese University of Hong Kong (CUHK) in 2014
-
- We use **geophysical**, **remote sensing**, and **deep learning** methods to study changes of the **cryosphere** (frozen part of the Earth system) in a **warming climate**.

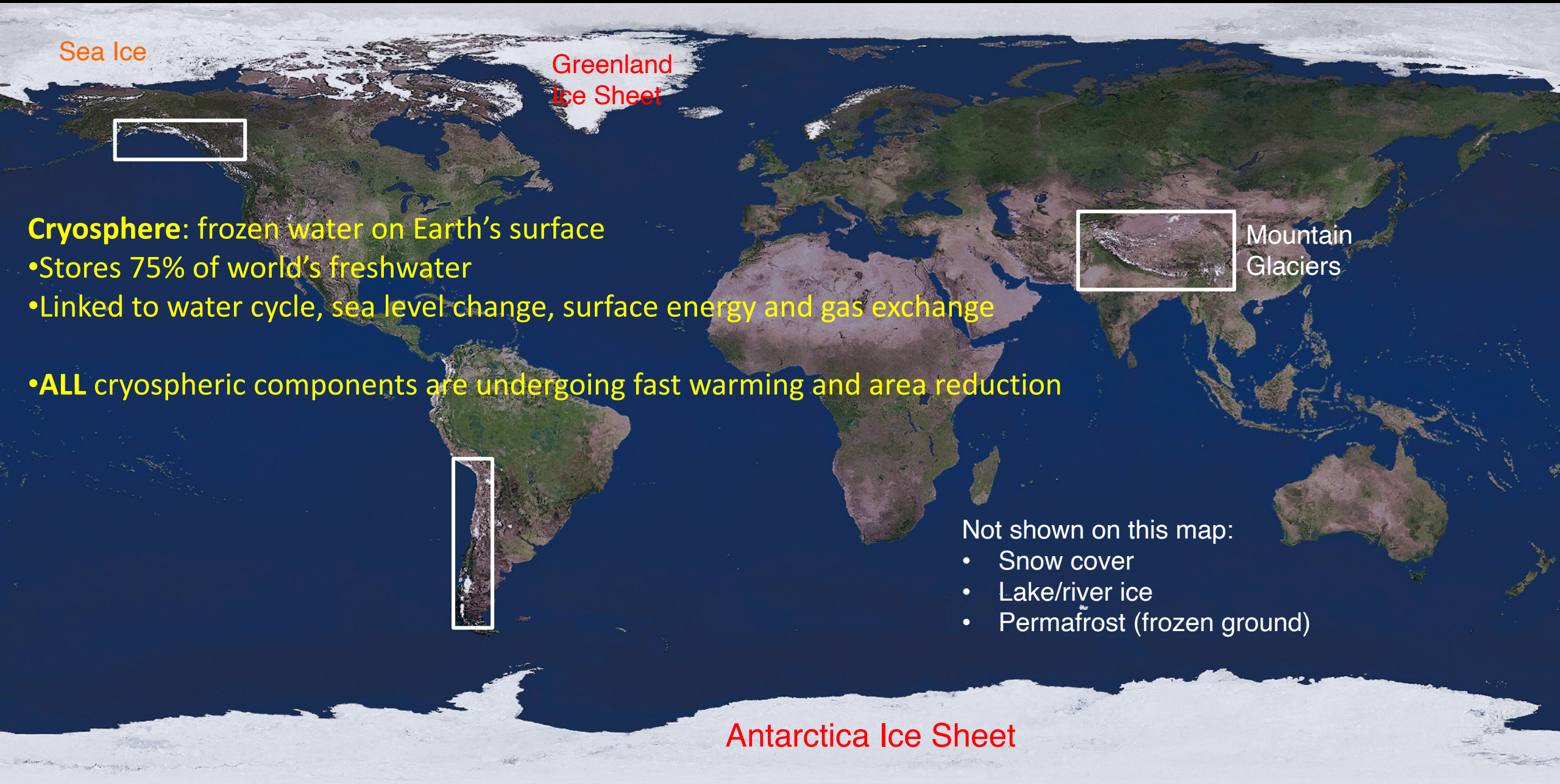


Stanford
University



香港中文大學
The Chinese University of Hong Kong

The cryosphere is an important part of the global Earth system



Sea Ice

Greenland
Ice Sheet

Mountain
Glaciers

Antarctica Ice Sheet

Cryosphere: frozen water on Earth's surface

- Stores 75% of world's freshwater
- Linked to water cycle, sea level change, surface energy and gas exchange
- **ALL** cryospheric components are undergoing fast warming and area reduction

Not shown on this map:

- Snow cover
- Lake/river ice
- Permafrost (frozen ground)

Cryosphere Group @ CUHK

We use geophysical, remote sensing, and deep learning methods to study the cryosphere

Recent research projects

Ice sheet mass loss



Glacial front dynamics



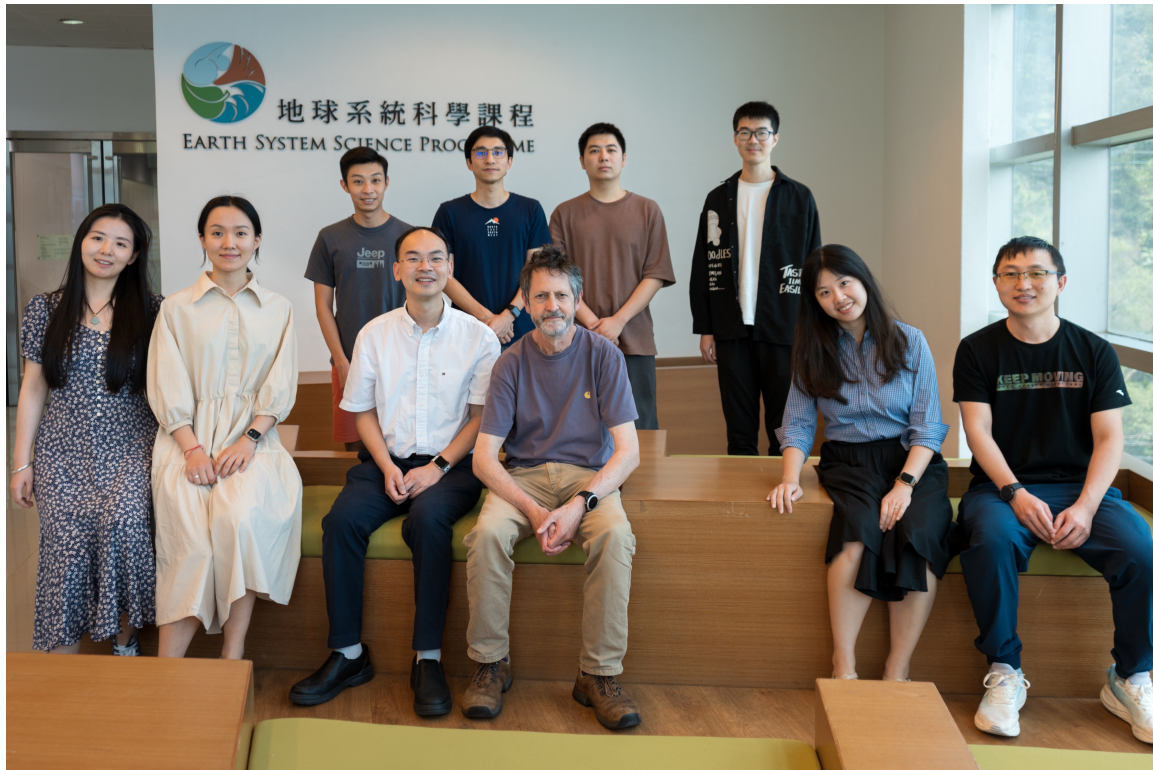
Permafrost degradation



Rock glacier kinematics

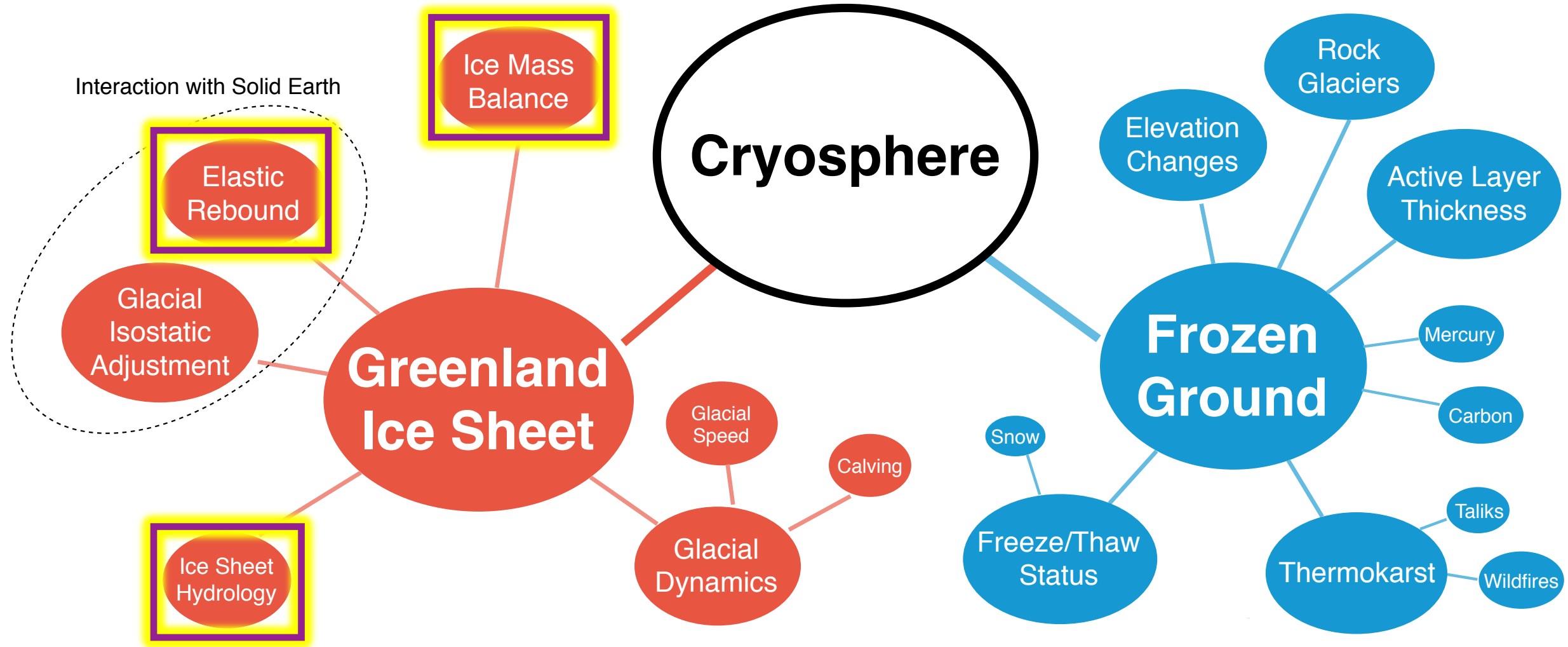


+ Greening Antarctica, Martian ice-related landforms



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Space Geodesy

Satellite Gravity

Altimetry

GNSS

InSAR

Optical

Remote Sensing

Passive & Active Microwave

Deep Learning

Geophysics

Radar

Surface NMR



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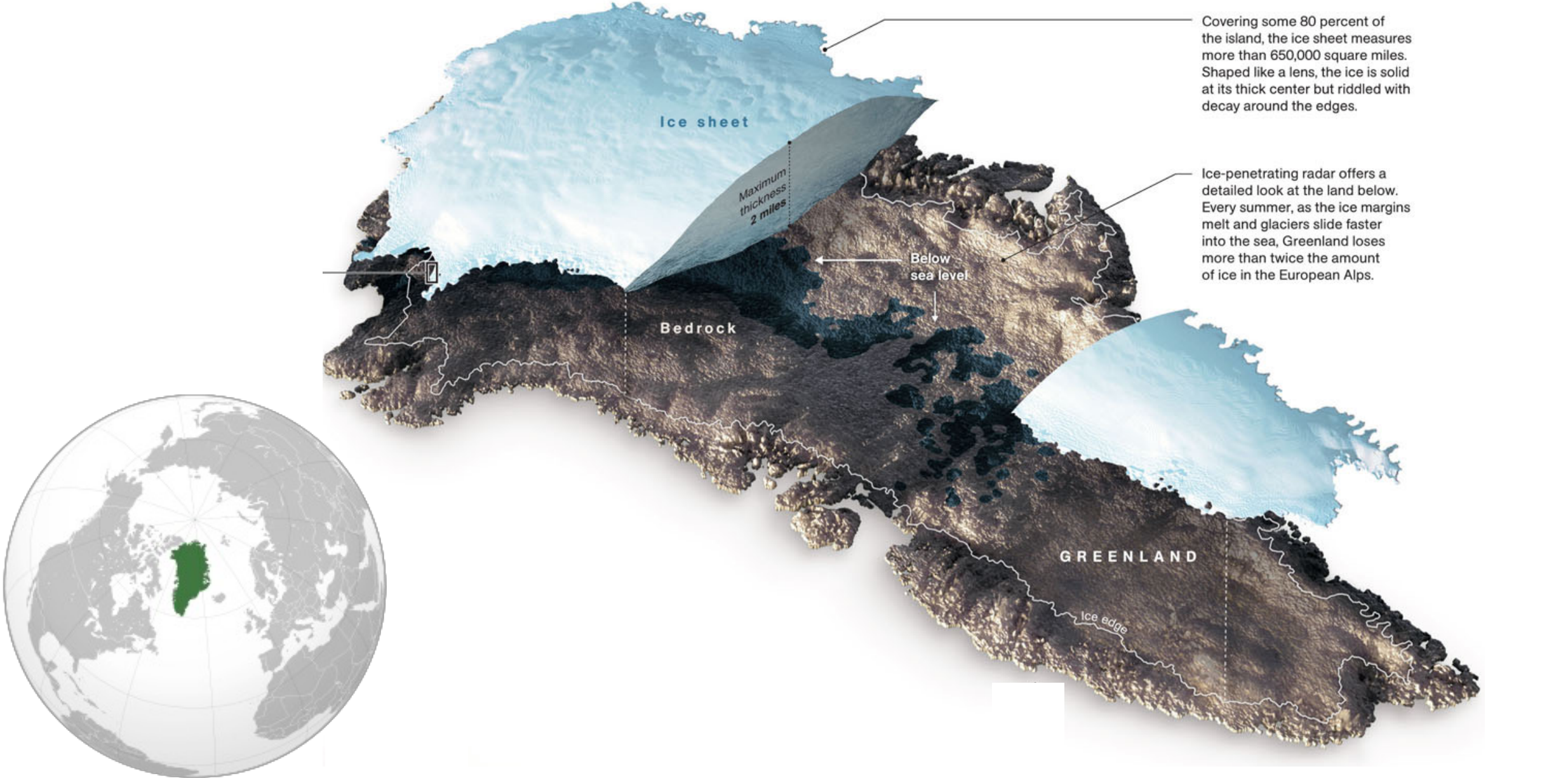
[Nature](#) **635**, 108–113 (2024)

Vertical bedrock shifts reveal summer water storage in Greenland ice sheet

[Jiangjun Ran](#) , [Pavel Ditmar](#), [Michiel R. van den Broeke](#), [Lin Liu](#), [Roland Klees](#), [Shfaqat Abbas Khan](#),
[Twila Moon](#), [Jiancheng Li](#), [Michael Bevis](#), [Min Zhong](#), [Xavier Fettweis](#), [Junguo Liu](#), [Brice Noël](#), [C. K.](#)
[Shum](#), [Jianli Chen](#), [Liming Jiang](#) & [Tonie van Dam](#)

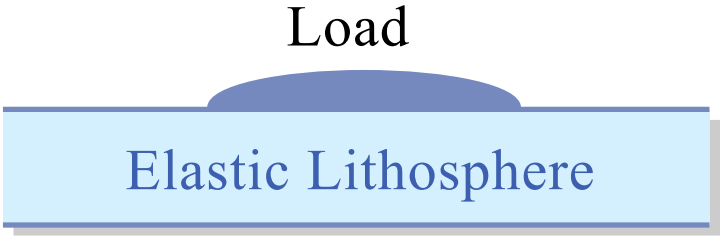
Photo: Thomas Nylen

Greenland contains ice that could raise global sea level by 6 m

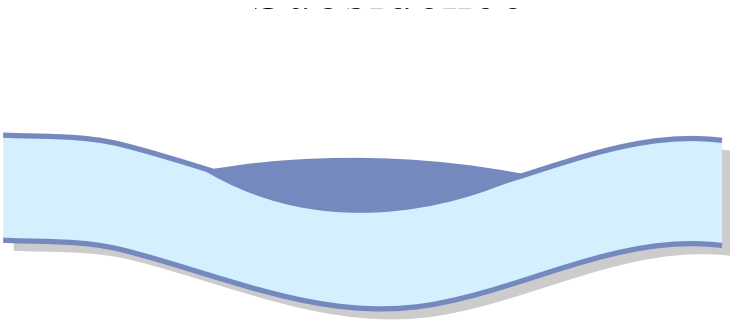


Solid earth deforms in response to surface loading

1. Start of Glaciation

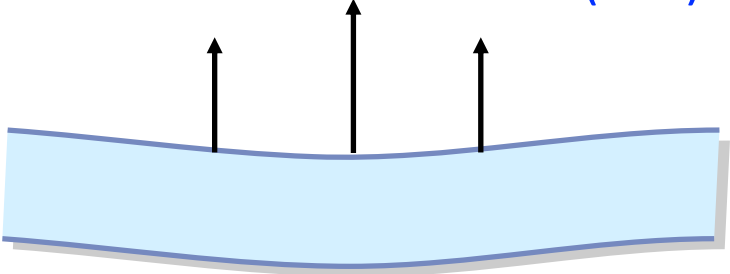


2. Load causes subsidence



3. Ice loss causes uplift

Elastic + Visco-elastic (GIA)



Viscous mantle flows back



Viscous Mantle
Glacial Isostatic Adjustment (GIA)

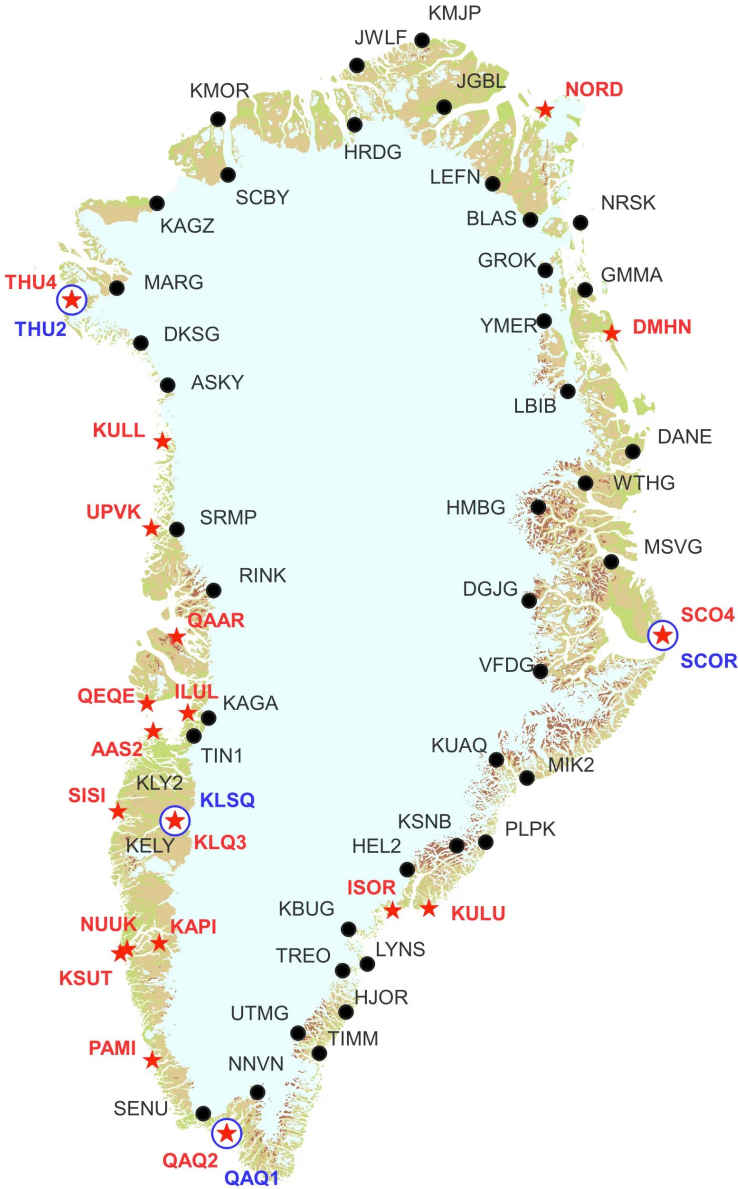
Weighing ice mass



Constraints placed by **elastic** crustal deformation measurements:

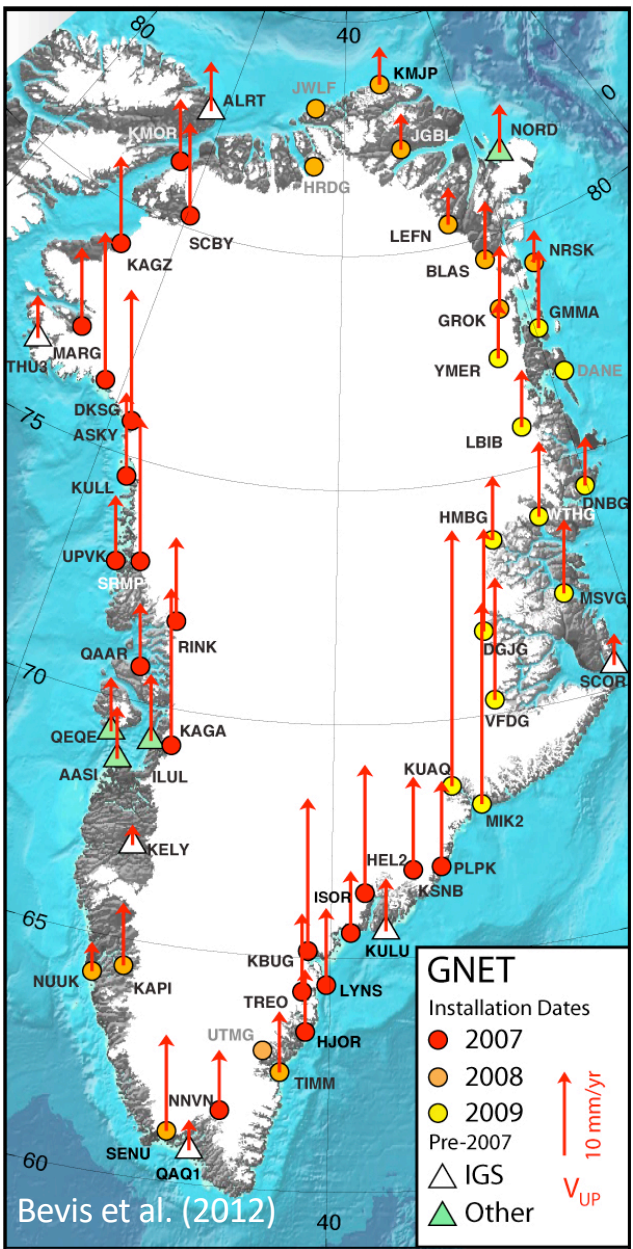
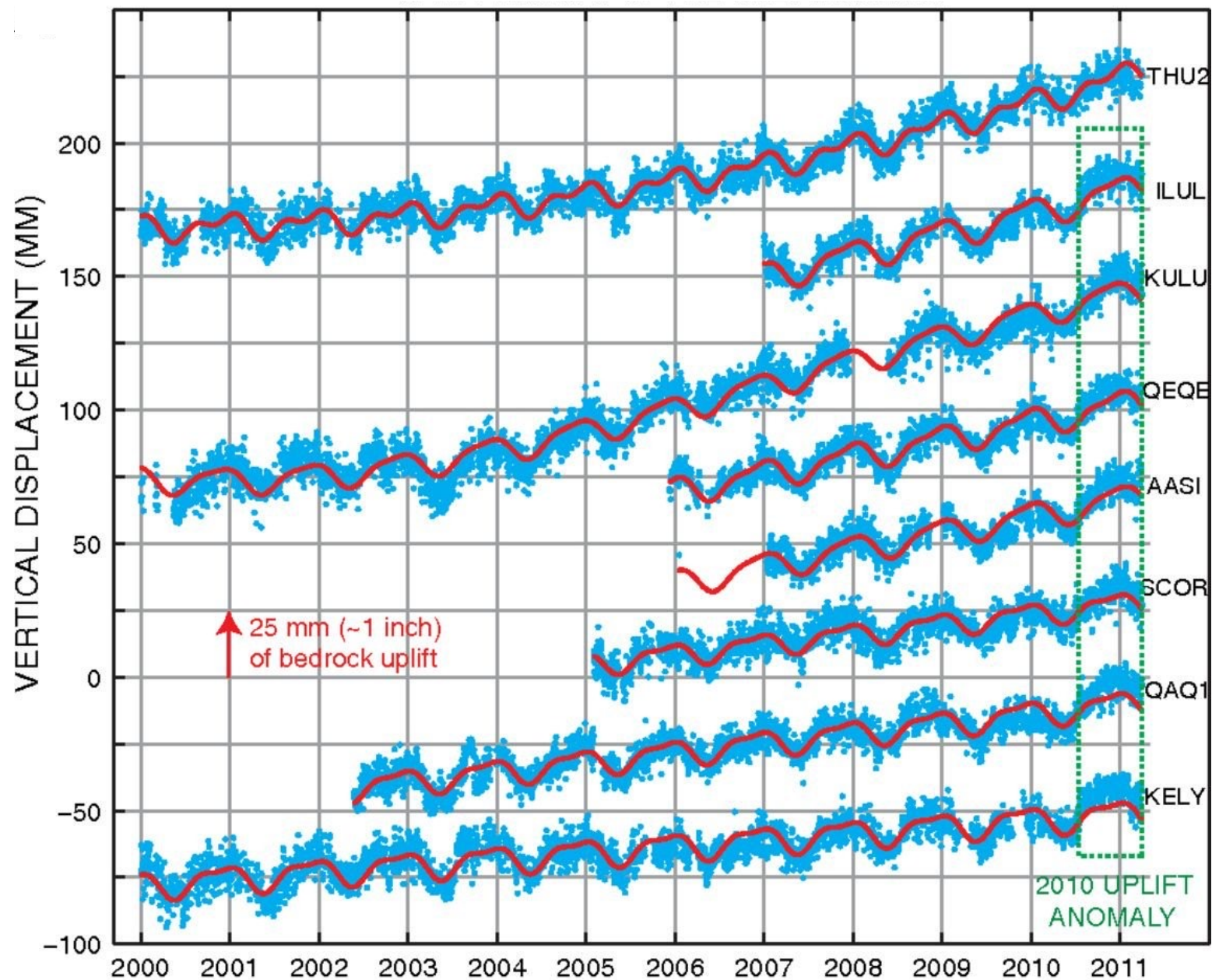
- average over large areas; within ~10 km radius
- provide estimates of present-day **mass** variability

Greenland GNSS network (GNET): 65 continuous sites mounted on bedrock near ice



Established by OSU, U of Luxembourg, UNAVCO, Technical U of Denmark (DTU Space), funded by NSF and the Danish Government

All GNSS stations went up due to present-day ice melting



How does meltwater move within & out of ice sheet?

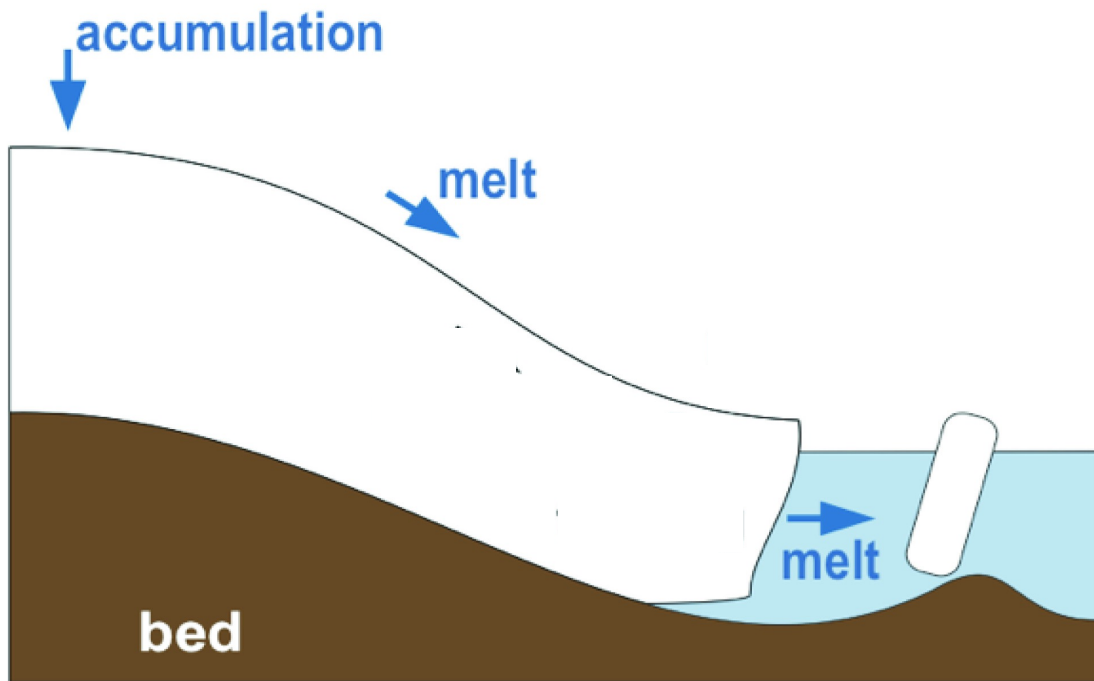
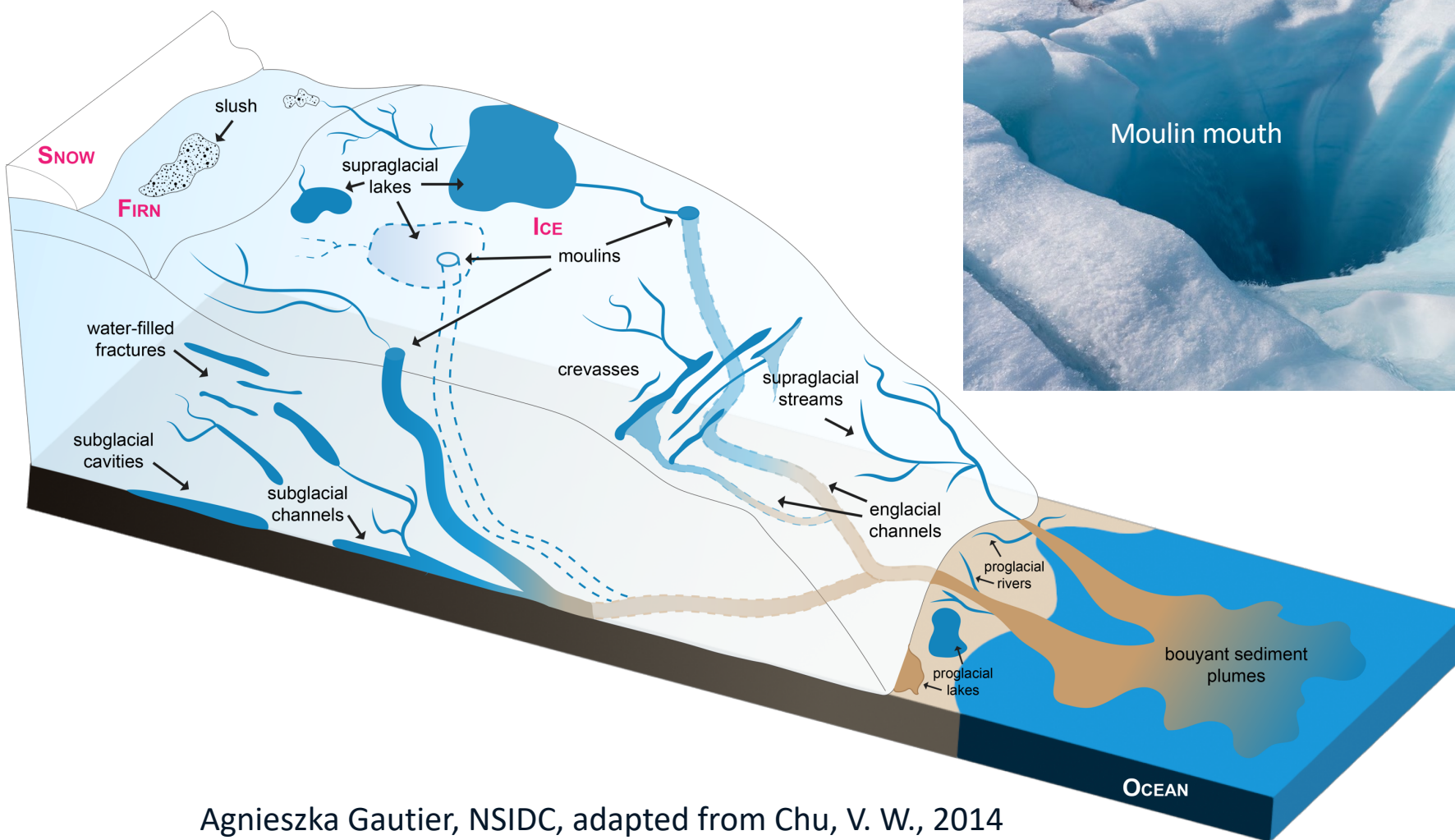


Figure modified from van den Broeke et al., 2009

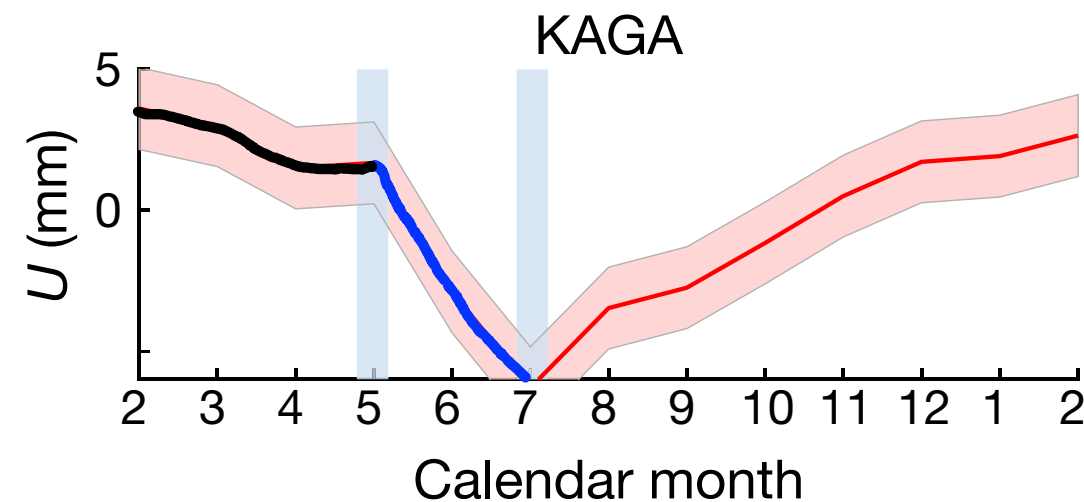
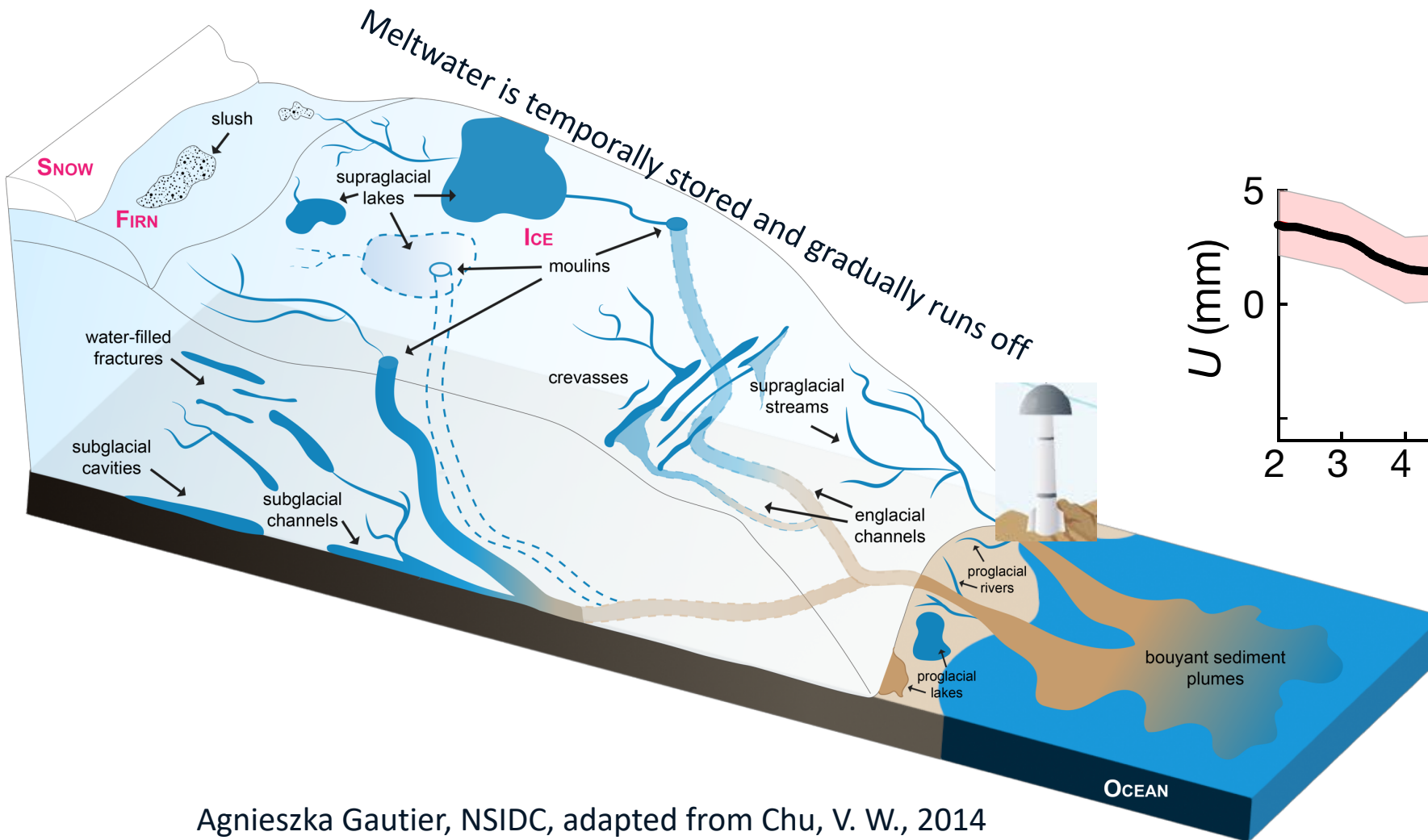
How does meltwater move within & out of ice sheet? **Complex processes poorly studied**



Agnieszka Gautier, NSIDC, adapted from Chu, V. W., 2014

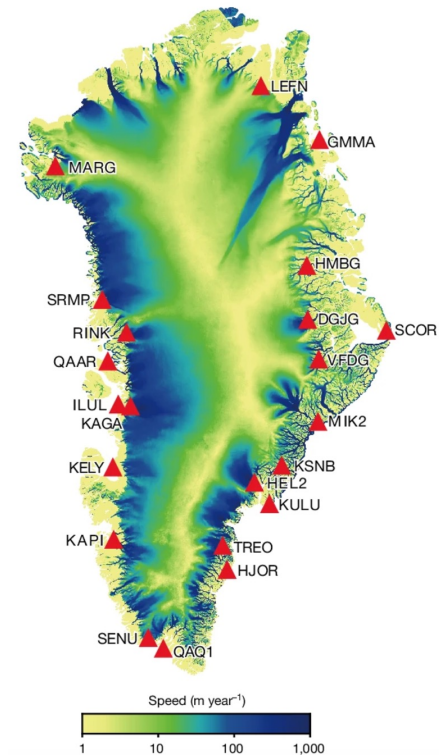
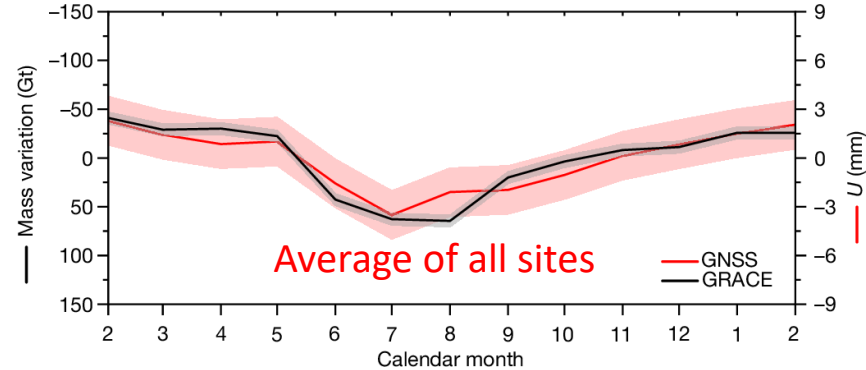
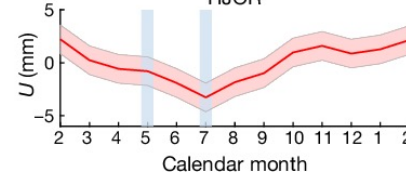
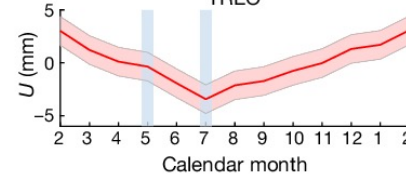
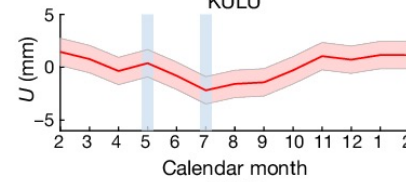
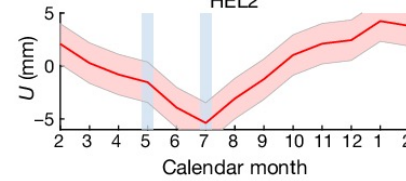
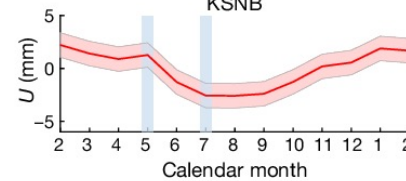
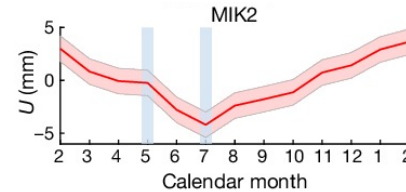
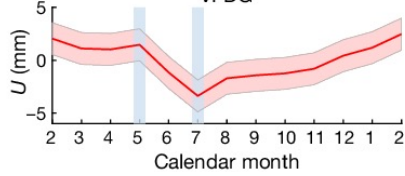
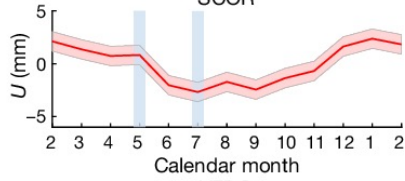
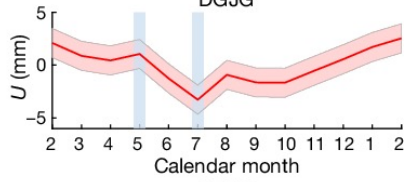
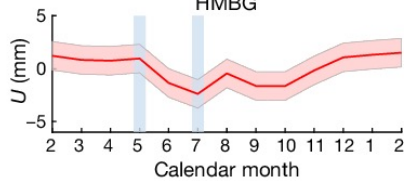
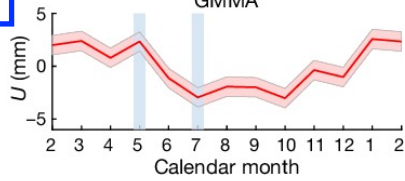
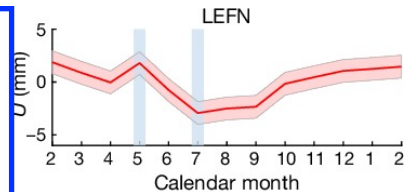
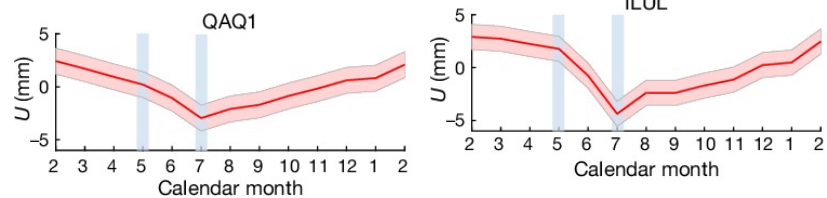
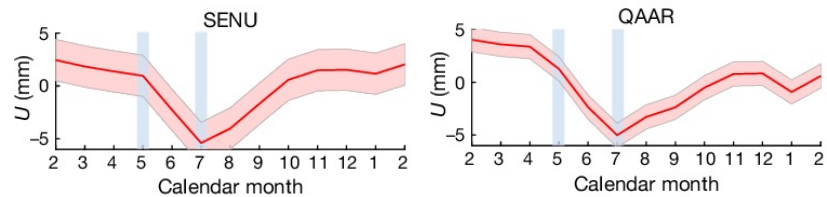
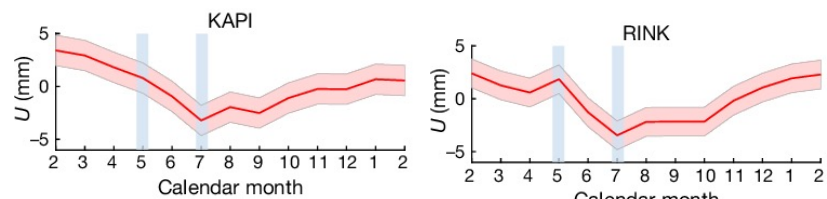
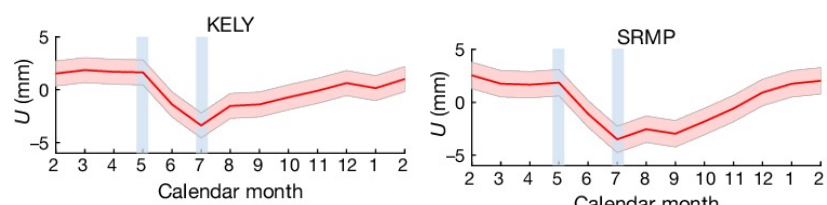
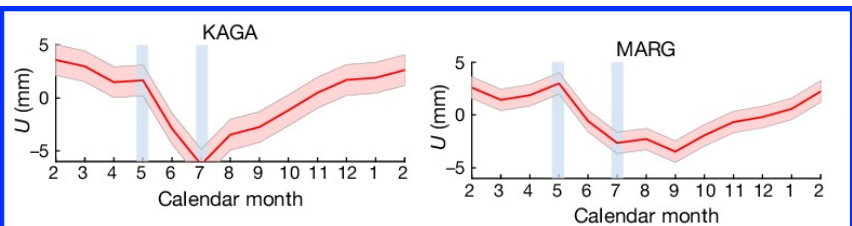
Our idea: use vertical loading deformation to infer buffered water storage

- **Early summer:** meltwater accumulates & gradually migrates towards GNSS -> **subsidence**
- **Late summer:** efficient water drainage (through complex pathways) into ocean -> **uplift**

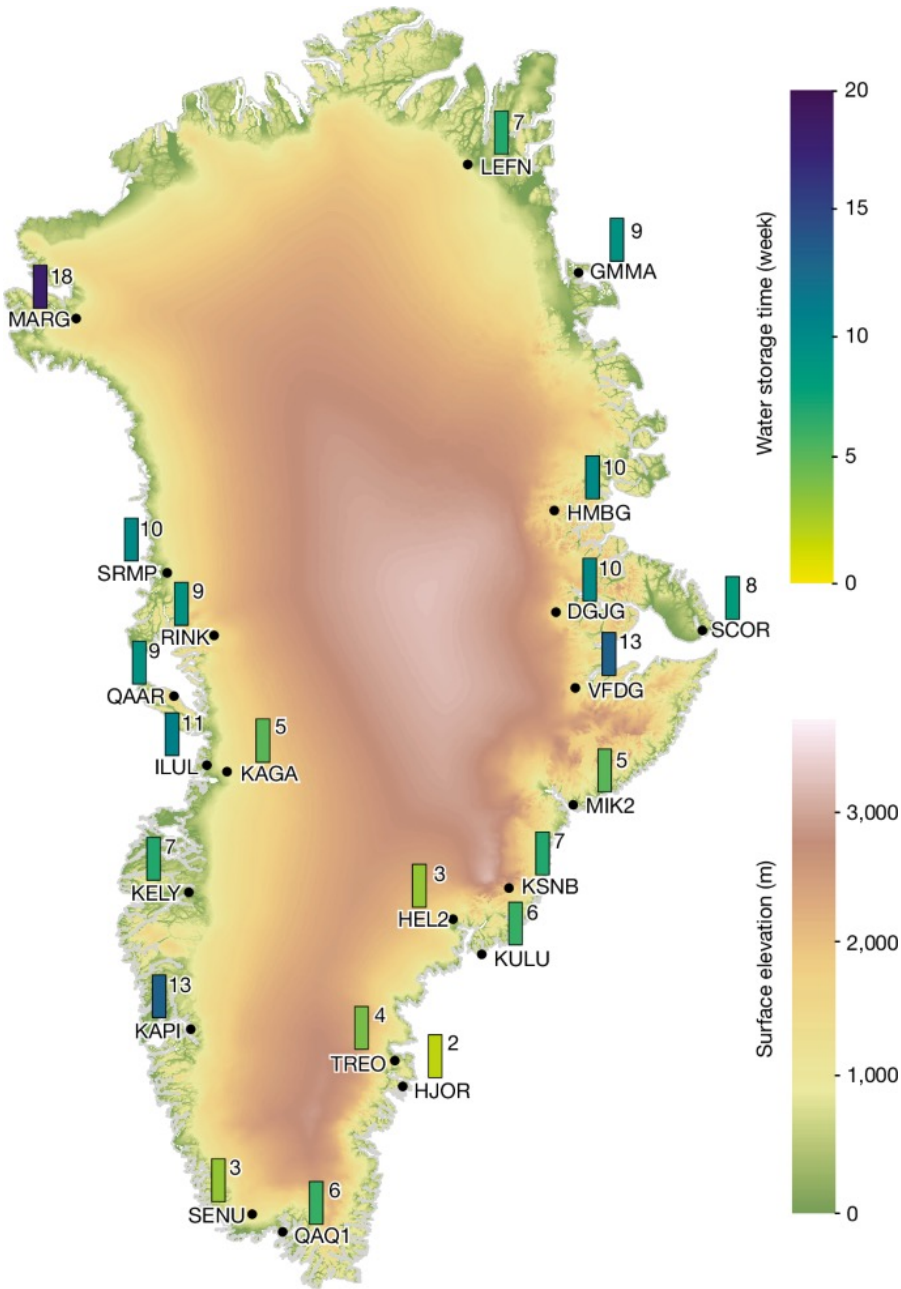
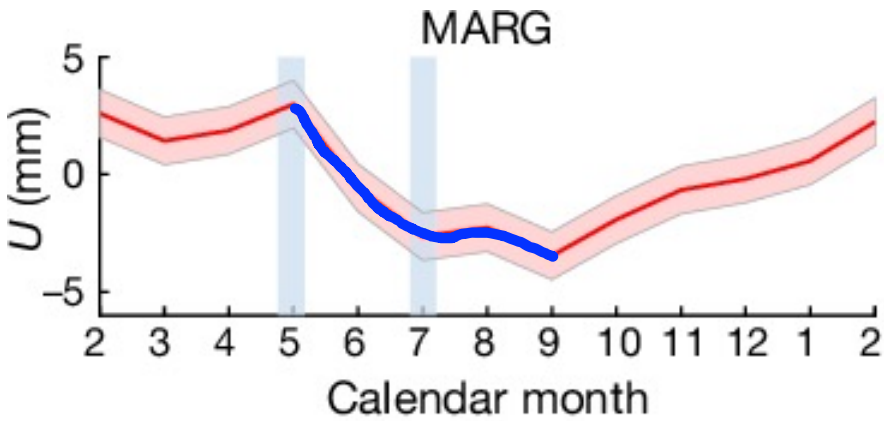
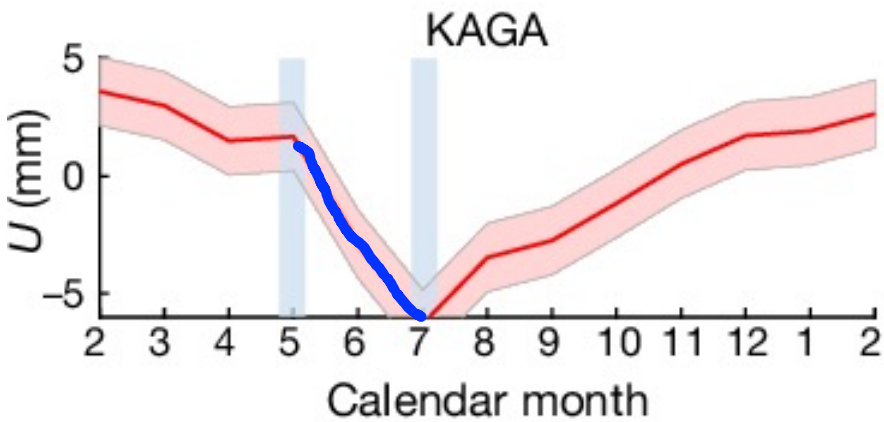


Ran et al., 2024

Common seasonal variability across 22 GNSS sites



Duration of early-summer subsidence gives ‘water storage time’

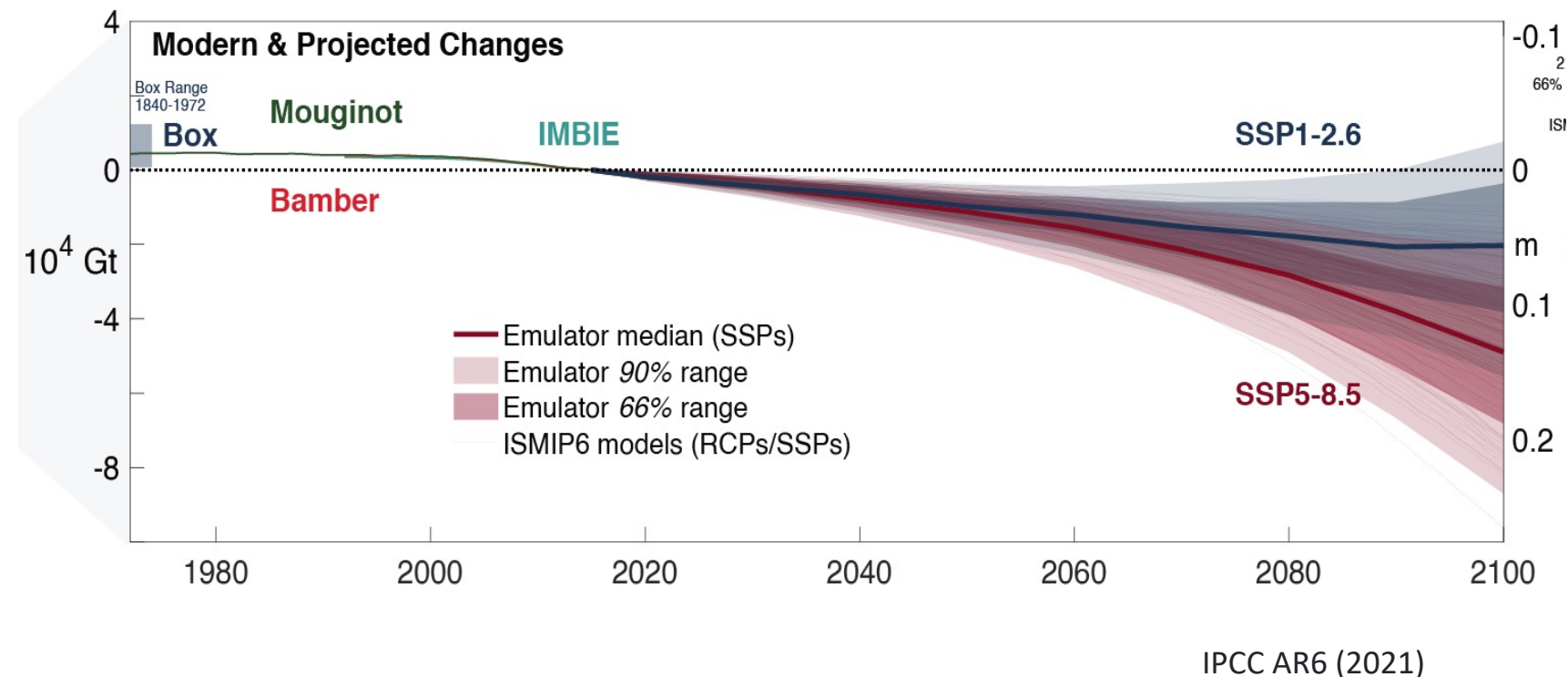


Key take-aways from this work

Bedrock displacement gives a new source of info on buffered water storage within the Greenland Ice Sheet

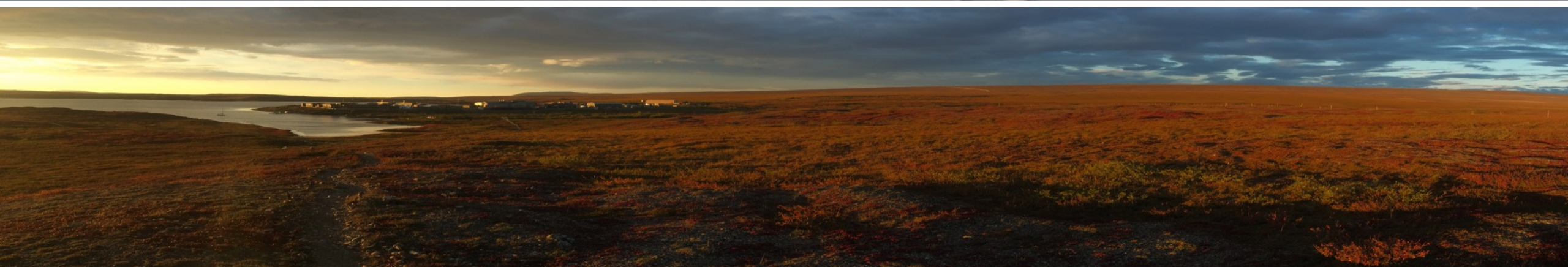
- Vertical subsidence up to 5 mm, needs careful removal of other nuisance contributors
- Water storage generally peaks in July and gradually decreases thereafter
- Storage duration is about two months, shorter in southeast Greenland
- Can constrain & improve regional climate models, as none considers buffered water, toward better projection

Greenland Ice Sheet cumulative mass change & equivalent sea level contribution

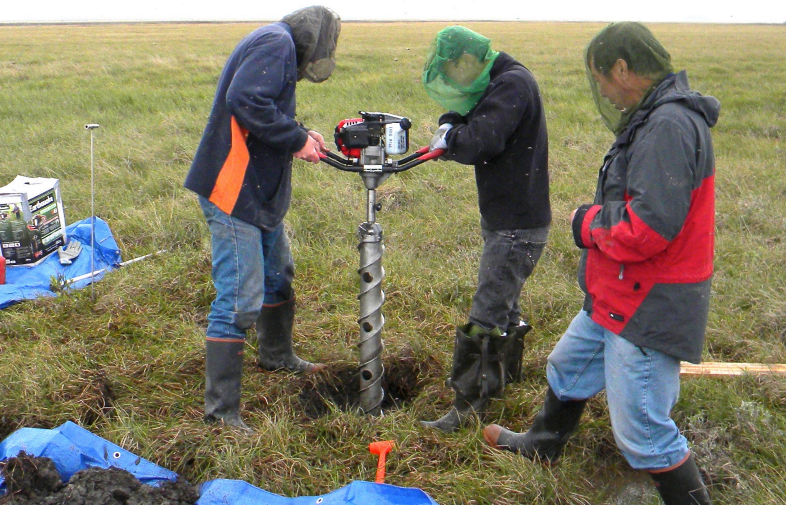
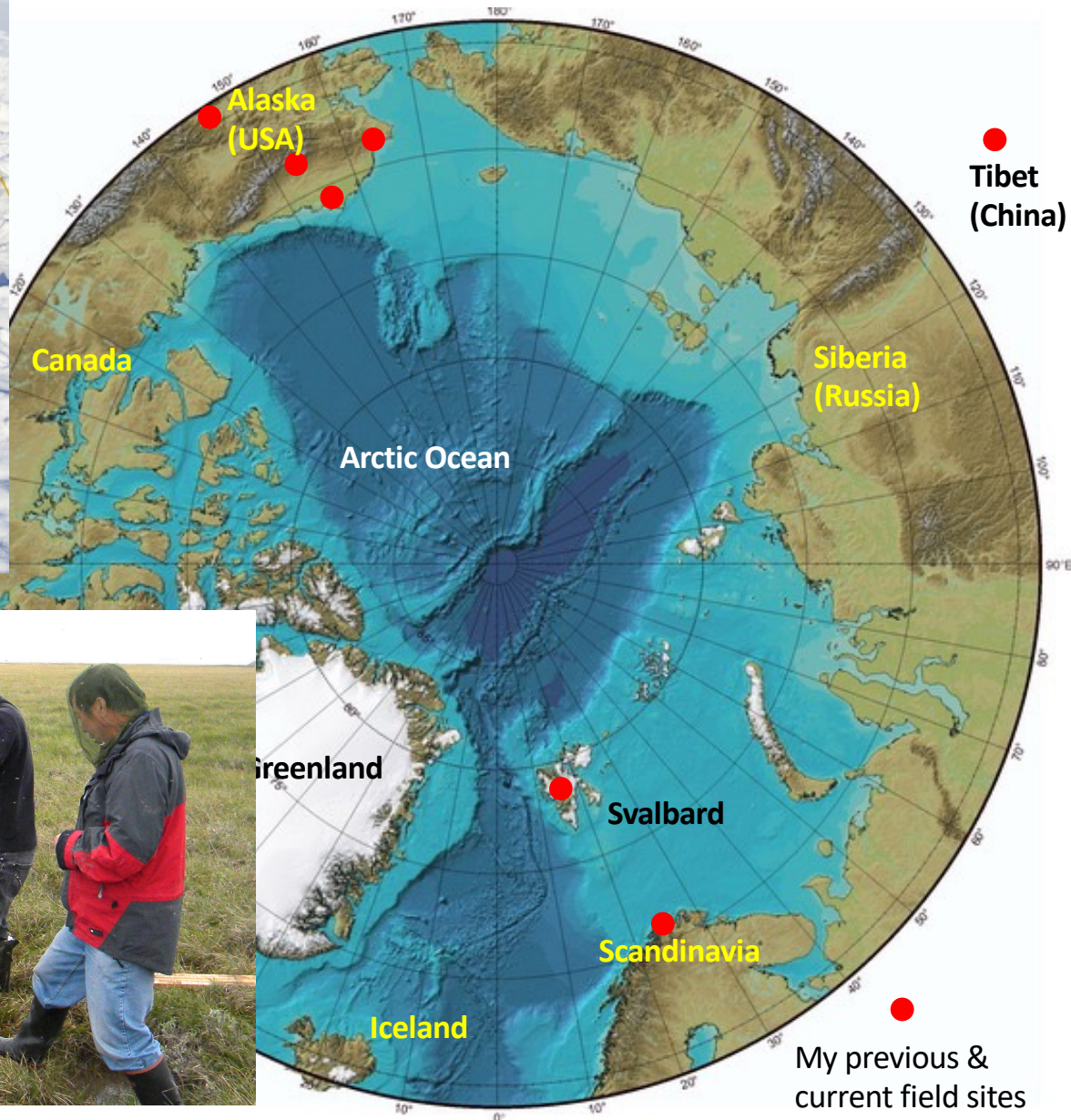


Why I am excited about cryospheric geophysics and remote sensing

- Innovative and combined use of state-of-the-art methods, inc. artificial intelligence
- Study dramatic changes in various cryospheric systems from interdisciplinary perspectives
- High societal impacts: global climate change, sea level rise, etc.



Time for action!



My previous & current field sites



香港中文大學
The Chinese University of Hong Kong

中大率領香港科學家 首次參加中國南極考察

CUHK leads Hong Kong scientists to
participate in China's Antarctic expedition

Milestone underscores city's growing contribution to
national and global scientific endeavors



China's 41st Antarctic Expedition 2024–2025

Great Wall Members



18 December 2024 – 7 January 2025



Zhongshan Member



9 December 2024 – 1 March 2025

Xuelong 2/Ross Sea
Michael Pittman



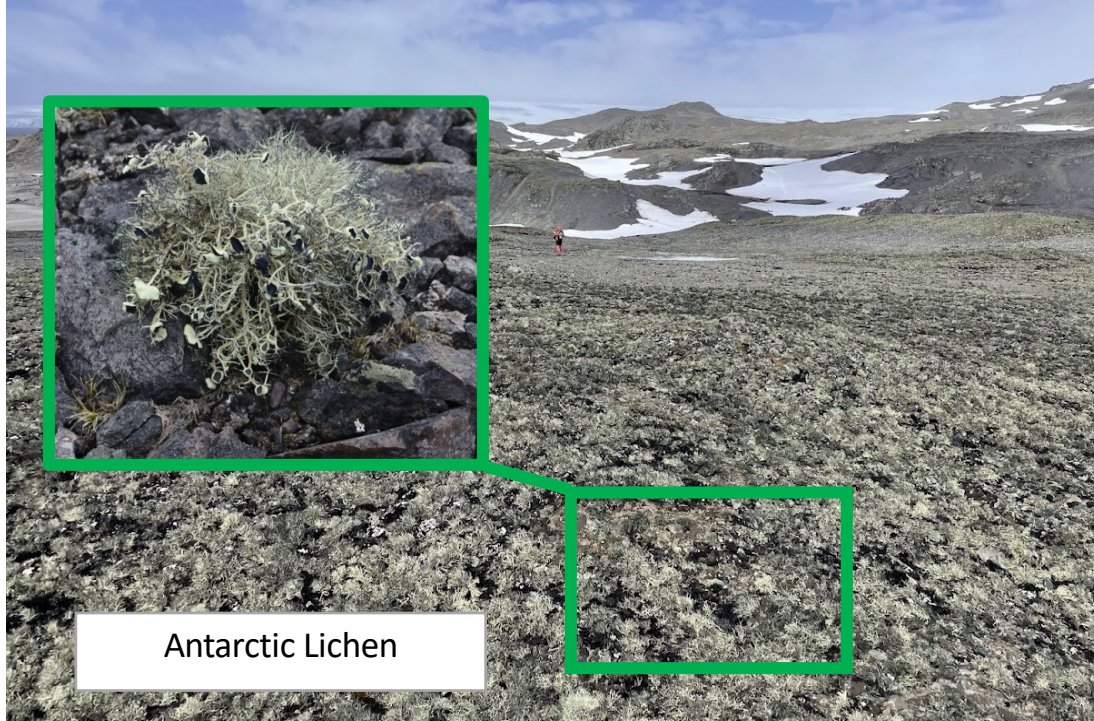
March–April 2025



Can you believe this lush landscape is Antarctica?!

We investigate how bio-hydro-geochemical system changes in polar critical zones

Seemly barren land, but we found flourishing flora and microbes



Exciting Discoveries & Opportunities Await Hong Kong Scientists

- Strengthen collaboration with the **Polar Research Institute of China** and key international partners
- CUHK plans to lead scientific teams to participate in
 - *China's 15th Arctic Ocean Scientific Expedition in summer 2025*
 - *China's 42nd Antarctic Expedition in December 2025*
 - *Future expeditions*
- Our team will develop an **autonomous & intelligent system** by integrating in-situ, remote sensing sensors and AI, towards holistic, continuous, long-term & real-time monitoring of elemental changes land-water-life interface.



What kind of PhD students I am looking for

- A driving curiosity to understand how the Earth system, esp. the cryosphere works
- Self-motivated
- Independent but capable of working in a team
- Willing to tackle challenging problems



What I can offer you

- Share my passion of science & vision about cryosphere, geophysics, remote sensing, deep learning
- Train you as an independent scholar through frontier research projects
- International perspectives and professional network
- Always ready to help
- Looking forward to learning from you



Want to learn more about my research?

- Talk to me and my students this week
- Visit my group website
- Send me an email for any questions

✉ liulin@cuhk.edu.hk

🌐 cryocuhk.github.io



Reference

- Khan, S. A., et al., (2020), Centennial response of Greenland's three largest outlet glaciers, *Nature Communications*, 11, 5718.
- Liu, L., Khan, S. A., van Dam, T., Ma, J. H. Y., and Bevis, M. (2017), Annual variations in GPS-measured vertical displacements near Upernavik Isstrøm (Greenland) and contributions from surface mass loading, *Journal of Geophysical Research: Solid Earth*, 122, 677–691.
- Ran, J., Ditmar, P., Liu, L., Xiao, Y., Klees, R., and Tang, X. (2021), Analysis and mitigation of biases in Greenland ice sheet mass balance trend estimates from GRACE mascon products, *Journal of Geophysical Research: Solid Earth*, 126, e2020JB020880.
- Ran, J., Ditmar, P., van den Broeke, M., Liu, L., ..., and van Dam, T. (2024), Vertical bedrock shifts reveal summer water storage in Greenland ice sheet, ***Nature***, 635, 108–113.
- Zhang, B., Yao, Y., Liu, L., and Yang, Y. (2021), Interannual ice mass variations over the Antarctic ice sheet from 2003 to 2017 were linked to El Niño-Southern Oscillation, *Earth and Planetary Science Letters*, 560, 116796.
- And more publications <https://cryocuhk.github.io/publications>